## Orezone Gold Corporation (A Development Stage Company)

### Unaudited Interim Consolidated Financial Statements (in U.S. dollars)

For the three month periods ended March 31, 2009 and 2008

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# Orezone Gold Corporation (A Development Stage Company) Consolidated Balance Sheets

(Expressed in United States dollars)

	Notes	March 31, 2009	December 31, 2008
		(unaudited)	(audited)
		\$	\$
ASSETS			
Current assets			
Cash		7,448,847	3,371,366
Sales taxes and other receivables		28,250	139,844
Prepaid expenses and other assets		351,623	468,085
		7,828,720	3,979,295
Investments	3	_	24,744
Exploration properties	4	28,520,676	28,046,452
		26 240 206	22.050.401
	-	36,349,396	32,050,491
LIABILITIES			
Current liabilities			
Accounts payable and accrued liabilities		263,034	472,260
SHAREHOLDERS' EQUITY			
Capital stock		62,990,088	57,349,863
Contributed surplus		3,041,239	3,573,542
Other comprehensive income		483,211	483,211
Deficit		(30,428,176)	(29,828,385)
	_	(==, =, =,	( = / = - / = - /
	_	36,349,396	32,050,491
	_		
Background and Basis of Presentation (Note 1)			

The accompanying notes are an integral part of the consolidated financial statements

Signed on behalf of the Board of Directors,

<u>/s/ Ronald N. Little</u>	/s/ <u>Alain Krushnisky</u>
Director	Director

# Orezone Gold Corporation (A Development Stage Company) Consolidated Statements of Operations and Changes in Deficit

(Unaudited, Expressed in United States dollars)

Administrative expenses Salaries, benefits and consulting fees Office, general and administrative Professional fees Public relations and travel Public company costs Stock-based compensation Amortization of capital assets	Notes_	Three months ended March 31, 2009  \$ (198,579) (87,012) (75,424) (68,174) (42,757) (21,339) (8,524)  (501,809)	Three months ended March 31, 2008  \$ (326,411) (102,476) (141,371) (186,049) (78,223) (112,286) (2,734)  (949,550)
Other items Write-off of deferred exploration costs Foreign exchange (loss) gain Other income Interest income Loss in fair value of investments held for trading Other than temporary impairment of available-for-sale investments	4	(96,149) - 4,650 - (6,483)	(1,525,925) 21,540 8,191 214,102 (175,190)
Net loss  Deficit, beginning of period		(599,791) 29,828,385	(2,406,832) 17,019,222
Deficit, end of period		30,428,176	19,426,054
Net loss per common share, basic and diluted		(0.01)	(0.05)
Weighted average number of shares outstanding		53,635,243	44,517,111

# Orezone Gold Corporation (A Development Stage Company) Consolidated Statements of Deferred Exploration Costs

(Unaudited, Expressed in United States dollars)

	Notes	Three months ended March 31, 2009 \$	Three months ended March 31, 2008
Balance, beginning of period		25,801,870	29,059,599
Additions		444.500	000.400
Salary and employee costs	_	144,509	300,122
Stock-based compensation	5	8,451	24,577
Engineering and consultants		97,149	221,854
Drilling and assaying		12,046	1,286,523
Camp and facilities costs		60,836	423,545
General office and administration		80,227	371,627
Amortization of capital assets		24,984	24,897
Gain on disposal of capital assets		(15,687)	-
Foreign exchange loss (gain)		12,040	(59,374)
Total additions		424,556	2,593,771
Deductions			(4 505 005)
Write-off of deferred exploration costs			(1,525,925)
Balance, end of period		26,226,425	30,127,445

### Orezone Gold Corporation (A Development Stage Company)

#### **Consolidated Statements of Cash Flows**

(Unaudited, Expressed in United States dollars)

ODED ATING ACTIVITIES	Notes	Three months ended March 31, 2009	Three months ended March 31, 2008
OPERATING ACTIVITIES Net loss		(599,791)	(2,406,832)
Non-cash items: Amortization of capital assets Loss in fair value of investments held		8,524	2,734
for trading Impairment of available-for-sale		-	175,199
investments Write-off of deferred exploration costs		6,483	- 1,525,925
Stock-based compensation Changes in non-cash working capital		21,339 50,697	112,286 (733,735)
Cash used in operating activities		(512,748)	(1,324,432)
INVESTING ACTIVITIES Expenditures on exploration properties and cash used in investing activities		(378,558)	(2,714,614)
FINANCING ACTIVITIES			
Proceeds from exercise of stock options Share issuance costs Contribution from IMG	5 1	703,765 (58,801) 4,424,184	178,676 (12,225)
Cash provided by financing activities		5,069,148	166,451
Effect of exchange rate changes on cash and cash equivalents		(100,361)	21,108
Increase (decrease) in cash		4,077,481	(3,851,487)
Cash, beginning of period		3,371,366	8,228,608
Cash, end of period		7,448,847	4,377,121

#### Supplemental information:

There were no cash payments in respect of interest or taxes during the three months ended March 31, 2009 and 2008.

# Orezone Gold Corporation (A Development Stage Company) Consolidated Statements of Comprehensive Loss

(Unaudited, Expressed in United States dollars)

	Three months ended March 31, 2009	Three months ended March 31, 2008
	\$	\$
Net loss	(599,791)	(2,406,832)
Other comprehensive income, net of tax: Unrealized gain in fair value of available-for-sale		
investments		441,026
Comprehensive loss	(599,791)	(1,965,806)

(A Development Stage Company)

#### **Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements**

(Expressed in United States dollars)

#### 1 —NATURE OF OPERATIONS AND BASIS OF PRESENTATION

#### **NATURE OF OPERATIONS**

The Company is primarily engaged in the acquisition, exploration and development of gold properties in Burkina Faso, West Africa. The Company's operations consist of the former non-Essakane exploration interests of Orezone Resources Inc. ("Resources"), which were acquired on February 25, 2009 as part of Resources' business combination with IAMGOLD Corporation ("IMG").

The Company is in the exploration stage and has not yet determined whether any of its properties contain mineral deposits that are economically recoverable. The recovery of costs incurred on the Company's exploration properties is subject to a number of factors including the discovery of economically recoverable reserves, the ability to secure financing sufficient to develop the reserves, the ability to achieve profitable operations, the ability to secure and maintain title, and/or the ability to dispose of the properties on favourable terms.

#### **BASIS OF PRESENTATION**

The Company's unaudited interim consolidated financial statements and accompanying notes as at, and for the three months ended March 31, 2009 (collectively, the "Financial Statements"), have been prepared in accordance with Canadian generally accepted accounting principles ("Canadian GAAP") and are presented in US dollars. The Financial Statements do not include all of the information and notes required by generally accepted accounting principles for annual financial statements, and should be read in conjunction with the Company's audited consolidated financial statements and notes for the year ended December 31, 2008. The accounting policies used in preparing the Financial Statements are consistent with those used in preparing the Company's annual audited financial statements.

The Company was incorporated on December 1, 2008 under the Canada Business Corporations Act with one common share outstanding. On December 11, 2008, Resources announced the signing of a definitive agreement to sell 100% of its interest in the Essakane project to IAMGOLD Corporation ("IMG") pursuant to a plan of arrangement whereby IMG agreed to acquire each outstanding common share of Resources in exchange for 0.08 IMG shares and 0.125 shares of the Company, formed to hold all of Resources' non-Essakane exploration interests and to provide shareholders with continued participation in, and exposure to, these operations (the "Transaction"). Resources shareholders approved the Transaction at a special meeting held on February 18, 2009. On February 25, 2009, all of Resources' non-Essakane exploration interests were transferred to the Company including CAD \$9,731,535 in accordance with the terms of the definitive agreement whereby IMG and Resources agreed that the Company would initially be funded with CAD \$10 million in cash subject to certain adjustments. In exchange, 53,955,530 additional shares of the Company were issued to Resources, distributed to its shareholders, and were contemporaneously listed on the Toronto Stock Exchange ("TSX").

The transfer to the Company of Resources' non-Essakane exploration interests is being accounted for as a continuity of interest. On this basis, the Company's Financial Statements include comparative historical results of the non-Essakane exploration interests. These comparative figures are intended to represent what the Company's results would have been, had it been the independent operator of the non-Essakane exploration interests historically. Accordingly, the Financial Statements contain amounts that were estimated based on a carve-out of the historical financial results of the non-Essakane exploration interests of Resources prior to February 25, 2009, as well as the Company's independent operating results from February 26 to March 31, 2009. Certain of Resources expenses, assets, and liabilities for the period up to February 25, 2009 have been allocated to the Company in the Financial Statements based on assumptions that management believes are reasonable under the circumstances. However, these allocations and estimates are not necessarily indicative of the costs and expenses that would have resulted if the Company had operated as a separate entity.

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#### **Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements**

(Expressed in United States dollars)

#### 1 —NATURE OF OPERATIONS AND BASIS OF PRESENTATION (continued)

#### **BASIS OF PRESENTATION (continued)**

These allocations include, but are not limited to, administrative expenses and direct costs of carrying out exploration activities on the non-Essakane properties. Included within administrative expenses of the Company are stock-based compensation expenses. Prior to March 25, 2009, the Company did not have its own stock option plan. The stock-based compensation expenses allocated to the Company prior to this date are based on the historical results of Resources' stock option plan and options issued to the Company's employees as part of that plan (see Note 5).

Prior to February 25, 2009, no direct ownership relationship existed between current shareholders and the various units comprising the non-Essakane exploration interests. Accordingly, prior to February 25, 2009, Resources' net investment in the non-Essakane exploration interests ("Owner's Net Investment") was shown in lieu of a shareholders' equity in the Financial Statements. Given that a direct ownership relationship existed at March 31, 2009, the Company has included a full equity section with comparative figures for prior years. The comparative figures were derived from the historical financial position of Resources and are intended to represent what the components of the Company's shareholder's equity would have been if it were the independent operator of the non-Essakane exploration interests for the years presented.

The Financial Statements have been prepared on the basis of accounting principles applicable to a going concern, which assumes that the Company will continue operating for the foreseeable future and will be able to realize its assets and discharge its liabilities in the normal course of business. While the Company has sufficient cash to continue to finance operations, it currently has no revenue generating activities and there can be no assurance that it will be able to secure additional financing in the future. The Financial Statements do not include adjustments to the carrying amount of assets and liabilities, reported expenses, and balance sheet classifications that would be required if the going concern assumption was no longer appropriate.

#### 2 - CHANGES IN ACCOUNTING POLICIES

#### **Goodwill and Intangible Assets**

Effective January 1, 2009, the Company adopted CICA Handbook Section 3064, *Goodwill and Intangible Assets*, replacing Section 3062, *Goodwill and Other Intangible Assets*, and Section 3450, *Research and Development Costs*. Standards concerning goodwill are unchanged from the standards included in the previous Section 3062. The adoption of this standard did not have any effect on the current or prior periods.

#### Credit Risk and the Fair Value of Financial Assets and Financial Liabilities

In January 2009, the CICA issued EIC-173, "Credit Risk and the Fair Value of Financial Assets and Financial Liabilities" which requires the Company to consider its own credit risk as well as the credit risk of its counterparty when determining the fair value of financial assets and liabilities, including derivative instruments. The standard is effective January 1, 2009 and is required to be applied retrospectively without restatement of prior periods. The adoption of this standard did not have an impact on the valuation of the Company's financial assets or financial liabilities at March 31, 2009.

#### **Mining Exploration Costs**

In March 2009, the CICA issued EIC-174, "Mining Exploration Costs" which provides guidance to mining enterprises related to the measurement of exploration costs and the conditions that a mining enterprise should consider when determining the need to perform an impairment review of such costs. The accounting treatment provided in EIC-174 has been applied in the preparation of the Financial Statements and did not have an impact on the valuation of exploration properties.

(A Development Stage Company)

#### **Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements**

(Expressed in United States dollars)

#### 2 - CHANGES IN ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

#### **International Financial Reporting Standards**

In February 2008, the Canadian Accounting Standards Board confirmed that use of International Financial Reporting Standards ("IFRS") will be required in 2011 for publicly accountable profit-oriented enterprises such as the Company. The Company must report its consolidated financial statements in accordance with IFRS no later than for the first quarter of 2011, with restatement of the 2010 comparative information presented. The Company is evaluating accounting policy differences between Canadian GAAP and IFRS. However, the financial reporting impact of the transition to IFRS has not yet been determined.

#### 3 — INVESTMENTS

Investments were comprised of:

	March 31,	December 31,
	2009	2008
	\$	\$
Available-for-sale investments		24,744

As at December 31, 2008, the Company's available-for-sale investments consisted of common shares of a publicly traded mining company (see Notes 7 and 9).

#### **4 — EXPLORATION PROPERTIES**

	March 31, 2009	December 31, 2008
	\$	\$
Assets not subject to amortization	·	•
Mineral property acquisition costs	1,024,251	1,024,251
Deferred exploration costs	26,226,425	25,801,870
Deposits	100,257	82,169
Construction-in-progress	-	626,841
Land	306,736	306,736
	27,657,669	27,841,867
Assets subject to amortization		
Property, plant and equipment, net		
Buildings	783,433	91,504
Accumulated amortization	(35,045)	(22,464)
Office and field equipment	550,884	550,884
Accumulated amortization	(436,265)	(418,539)
Moveable equipment	596,960	635,813
Accumulated amortization	(596,960)	(632,613)
	863,007	204,585
	28,520,676	28,046,452

(A Development Stage Company)

#### **Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements**

(Expressed in United States dollars)

#### 4 — EXPLORATION PROPERTIES (continued)

Mineral property acquisition costs and deferred exploration costs are as follows:

	March 3	31, 2009	December	31, 2008
		Deferred		Deferred
	Acquisition	<b>Exploration</b>	Acquisition	Exploration
	Cost	Costs	Cost	Costs
	\$	\$	\$	\$
Sega	11,410	11,709,727	11,410	11,619,019
Bomboré	866,656	6,502,748	866,656	6,272,195
Bondi	146,185	7,582,347	146,185	7,525,883
Niger and other		431,603	<u> </u>	384,773
	1,024,251	26,226,425	1,024,251	25,801,870

#### Sega, Burkina Faso

The Sega project consists of the Tiba (124 km²) and Namasa (189 km²) permits. The Tiba permit is located in the Yatenga province, and expires in March 2010. The Namasa permit is located in the Yatenga and Zandoma provinces and expires in April 2009. In March 2009, the Company applied for renewal of the Namassa permit and is awaiting formal paperwork from the Government of Burkina Faso regarding the approval. Both permits may be renewed for two more consecutive three year terms.

#### Bomboré, Burkina Faso

The Bomboré permit (250 km²) is located in the Ganzourgou province and expires in February 2010. The permit may be renewed for one more three year term.

#### Bondi, Burkina Faso

The Bondi project consists of the Djarkadougou permit (224 km²). The permit is located in the Bougouriba province and expires in August 2009. This permit may be renewed for two more consecutive three year terms. In the three months ended March 31, 2008, deferred exploration costs of \$332,704, relating to the Poyo permit, were written off as this permit was abandoned.

#### Niger and other

The Company has three exploration permits in Niger. Zeline 1 and Zeline 4 are uranium exploration permits (982 km²) with terms of 20 years. The Kossa gold permit (999 km²) is located on the northwestern border of Niger with Burkina Faso and is subject to a formal agreement between the Company and IMG. IMG has the right to explore for and receive the benefit arising from the exploitation of gold deposits on the permit. IMG is responsible for the annual carrying costs, which include the payment of annual taxes and any minimum exploration expenditures required by the terms of the permit. The Company has legal title to the permit and has the right to explore for and derive the benefit from other mineral deposits without any pre-emptive rights to IMG. This permit expires in November 2010 and may be renewed for one more three year term.

In the three months ended March 31, 2008, deferred exploration costs of \$1,193,221, representing the carrying amount of the Tankiédougou, Nabéré and Komkara permits, were written off as these permits were abandoned.

(A Development Stage Company)

#### **Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements**

(Expressed in United States dollars)

#### 5 — CAPITAL STOCK

#### (a) Capital stock

#### Authorized:

An unlimited number of common shares, without par value.

Capital stock and contributed surplus are as follows:

	Common		Contributed
	Shares	Capital Stock	Surplus
		\$	\$
Balance, December 31, 2008	1	57,349,863	3,573,542
Stock-based compensation	-	-	38,774
Contribution from IMG	-	4,424,184	
Stock options exercised <sup>1</sup>	-	1,274,842	(571,077)
Issue costs	-	(58,801)	-
Common shares issued at closing of			
transaction between IMG and Resources <sup>2</sup>	53,955,530	-	<u> </u>
Balance, March 31, 2009	53,955,531	62,990,088	3,041,239

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> Represents stock options exercised by the Company's employees on Resources' stock. No shares of the Company were issued upon exercise.

#### (b) Stock option plan

On March 25, 2009, the Company's Board of Directors (the "Board") approved a stock option plan for the Company (the "Plan"). Under the terms of the Plan, options may be granted to directors, officers, employees and persons providing ongoing services to the Company. Stock options are issued at market value based on the volume weighted average price for the five trading days immediately preceding the date of grant and can have a contractual term of up to 10 years. The grant date fair value is calculated using the Black-Scholes option valuation model. The maximum number of common shares reserved for issuance under the Plan is equal to 10% of the Company's issued and outstanding shares from time to time less the aggregate number of shares reserved for issuance or issuable under any other security based compensation arrangement for the Company. The Company does not presently have any other security based compensation arrangement. At March 31, 2009, the Plan was subject to approval by the Company's shareholders at a special meeting scheduled for May 15, 2009. Once approved, a total of 5,395,553 options will be available for issue under the Plan (representing 10% of the currently outstanding shares).

On March 25, 2009 the Board approved the issuance of 1,735,000 fully vested stock options to its employees and directors. The options have a strike price of \$0.36 and expire on March 2019. No expense has been recorded in the three months ended March 31, 2009 as the option grant remained contingent upon shareholder approval at quarter end. Shareholder approval was obtained on May 15, 2009. Accordingly, the Company will recognize stock based compensation expense related to the options granted in the three months ended June 30, 2009.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup> See Note 1.

(A Development Stage Company)

#### **Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements**

(Expressed in United States dollars)

#### 5 — CAPITAL STOCK (continued)

#### (b) Stock option plan (continued)

The compensation expense for the three months ended March 31, 2008 was estimated using data relating to options granted to the Company's employees under Resources' stock option plan as the Company did not have its own plan in 2008. The following assumptions were used to determine the value of Resources' stock options issued to the Company's employees:

	2008_
Expected option life*	7.5 years
Volatility**	110%
Risk-free interest rate***	4.04%
Dividend yield	0.00%

<sup>\*</sup> The expected option life (estimated period of time outstanding) of options granted was estimated using the historical exercise behaviour of employees with reference to the current weighted average life and intrinsic value of options outstanding as at March 31, 2008.

For the three months ended March 31, 2009, stock-based compensation costs of \$8,985 (March 31, 2008 - \$42,310) are classified in head office support in the statement of deferred exploration costs. These costs were estimated based on the historical data related to the Resources' stock option plan.

#### (c) Common share purchase warrants

Prior to execution of the business combination with IMG, Standard Bank ("Standard") held 2,000,000 warrants to purchase common shares of Resources at a price of CAD \$1.30 per share, expiring on August 29, 2010. Pursuant to the warrant agreement and the terms of the business combination, the warrants do not expire upon a change of control. Standard is entitled to receive 0.08 common shares of IMG and 0.125 common shares of the Company for each warrant exercised subsequent to February 25, 2009. On March 13, 2009, IMG and the Company agreed on the ratio of the exercise price that would be received by each in the event that Standard exercises the warrants. Upon exercise, the Company will issue 250,000 common shares and will receive CAD \$0.94 per common share issued.

All of the warrants remain outstanding at March 31, 2009.

#### 6 — SEGMENTED INFORMATION

The Company operates in one business segment being the acquisition, exploration and potential development of precious metal properties. Interest in mineral properties (see Note 5) segmented by geographic area were as follows:

Docombor 21

	iviarch 31,	December 31,
	2009	2008
	\$	\$
Canada	58,417	66,942
Burkina Faso	27,941,250	27,504,793
Niger	521,009	474,717
	28,520,676	28,046,452

<sup>\*\*</sup>The expected volatility was based on historical volatility of Resources for a period equal to the stock option's expected life.

<sup>\*\*\*</sup>The risk-free rate is based on the yield of a Government of Canada marketable bond in effect at the time of grant and with an expiry commensurate with the expected life of the award.

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#### **Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements**

(Expressed in United States dollars)

#### 7 — FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS AND RISKS

The Company's financial instruments consist of cash, other receivables, accounts payable and accrued liabilities. The fair value of other receivables, accounts payable and accrued liabilities are equivalent to their carrying amounts given their short maturity period. The accounts payable and accrued liabilities balance of \$263,034 at March 31, 2009 includes taxes payable of \$21,240, which do not meet the definition of financial instruments.

#### Financial instruments risks

#### (a) Currency risk

In the normal course of operations, the Company is exposed to currency risk due to business transactions in foreign countries. The Company mainly transacts in United States dollars ("USD"), Canadian dollars ("CAD"), Euros ("EUR"), and Communauté Financière Africaine francs ("CFA"). Currency risk is the risk that the fair value or future cash flows of a financial instrument will fluctuate because of changes in foreign exchange rates.

The US dollar equivalent of the Company's financial instruments by currency of denomination was as follows:

	March 31, 2009				
_	USD	CAD	EUR	CFA	Total
Financial assets Cash and cash equivalents	3,990,886	3,403,768	_	54,193	7,448,847
Other receivables	3,830	17,969	-	507	22,306
_	3,994,716	3,421,737	-	54,700	7,471,153
Financial liabilities Accounts payable and					
accrued liabilities	(62,395)	(119,809)	(3,315)	(56,275)	(241,794)
Net financial assets (liabilities)	3,932,321	3,301,928	(3,315)	(1,575)	7,229,359

A 10% weakening of the Canadian dollar against the US dollar would have resulted in a \$330,193 loss in the three months ended March 31, 2009 (a 10% strengthening against the US dollar would have had the opposite effect).

#### (b) Liquidity risk

The Company's approach to managing liquidity is to ensure that it will have sufficient liquidity to meet its liabilities when due. Based on the working capital position at March 31, 2009, the Company has sufficient resources to meet its obligations as they become due. There can be no assurance that the Company will be able to continue to raise sufficient capital to meet future obligations as they become due.

#### (c) Credit risk

The Company's other receivables are exposed to credit risk, which is the risk that the counterparties to the Company's receivables will fail to discharge their obligations to the Company. The amount of credit risk to which the Company is exposed is insignificant due to the limited amount of other receivables.

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#### **Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements**

(Expressed in United States dollars)

#### 7 — FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS AND RISKS (continued)

#### (d) Title risk

Title to mineral properties and exploration rights involves certain inherent risks due to the potential for problems arising from the ambiguous conveyancing history characteristic of many mining properties and from political risk associated with the countries in which the Company carries out its exploration activities. The Company has taken all reasonable steps to ensure it has proper title to its properties. However, no guarantees can be provided that there are no unregistered agreements, claims or defects, which may result in the Company's title to its properties being challenged. Furthermore, the Company requires a number of different permits and licenses in order to carry on its business and there can be no assurance that they will be renewed upon expiry.

#### **8 — CAPITAL MANAGEMENT**

As at March 31, 2009, the Company's capital consisted of shareholder's equity.

The Company's primary objectives in managing its capital are to maintain sufficient levels of capital to continue its current exploration, development and other operating activities, and to maintain sufficient financial strength and flexibility to support additional future investments in the development of the Company's mining properties. The Company achieves its objectives by rationally allocating capital in accordance with management's strategies and periodically raising capital from investors.

#### 9 — RELATED PARTY TRANSACTIONS

One of the Company's available-for-sale investments held at December 31, 2008 was common shares of a publicly traded company of which the Company's CEO was a director. The carrying and fair values of this investment were \$nil and \$21,443 as at March 31, 2009 and December 31, 2008, respectively. On March 23, 2009, the Company's CEO ceased being a director of this company.

In the three months ended March 31, 2008, the Company charged \$11,003, in administrative fees to San Anton Resource Corporation ("San Anton") for rent and other administrative services that were provided by the Company. During these periods, Orezone's CEO was a director of San Anton and San Anton's President and Chief Executive Officer ("CEO") was a director of Orezone. On April 1, 2008, San Anton ceased to be a related party to the Company.

#### 10 — COMPARATIVE FIGURES

Certain comparative figures in the Financial Statements have been reclassified to be consistent with the current year's presentation.

#### 11 — SUBSEQUENT EVENT

On May 15, 2009, at a special meeting, the shareholders of the Company voted in favour of the Company's proposed stock option plan (see Note 5).